

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/878,860	06/09/2001	George Michael Mockry	530.005PA	8653
22907	7590 10/25/2005		EXAMINER	
BANNER & WITCOFF 1001 G STREET N W			CHAMBERS, MICHAEL S	
SUITE 1100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20001			. 3711	
			DATE MAIL ED. 10/05/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	,				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/878,860	MOCKRY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mike Chambers	3711			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Seconds</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise. 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 24-40 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 24-40 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the objected to by the Examine 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the bedrewing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)	ار السال	· (DTO 440)			
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

Application/Control Number: 09/878,860

Art Unit: 3711

DETAILED ACTION

Re-open Prosecution

Applicant is advised that the Final Rejection mailed 6/28/05 is vacated.

Prosecution on the merits of this application is reopened on claims 23-40 are considered unpatentable for the reasons indicated below:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 23-26, 28-31, 33-35 and 37-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over ProQuest-Producing Sports Channel (pages 1-3). ProQuest discloses an edited baseball game provided to subscribers. The method claimed would naturally be used during the production and showing of the condensed game. It would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have selected an appropriate number of action shots recorded including substantially every pitch from a fist pitch to the last pitch together with other action occurring during a game in order to permit the edited video to be broadcast in an allotted time.

Page 3

As to claim 24: See claim 23 rejection. The decisions to record each appearance at bat for every player, the final pitch thrown to each player and successful and unsuccessful attempts by the base runners are design choices based on editing decisions by the editor or time available for broadcast. The specification provides no unexpected results in recording the action plays of the game. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have edited the video to reflect what the editor wished to record based on personal preferences and time available. The method claimed would naturally be used when the video was produced and played.

As to claim 25: No criticality is seen in the duration of the edited recording. The duration of the edited recording is a matter of design choice. The specification provides no unexpected or surprising results in using a edited recording of 15 minutes. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have selected an appropriate length of time for the video to run based on cost and design considerations. The method claimed would naturally be used when the video was produced and played.

As to claim 26: No criticality is seen in the portion of the game recorded. The portion of the game recorded is a matter of design choice. The specification provides no unexpected or surprising results for recording a portion of a nine-inning baseball game.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have selected an appropriate portion of the game to record and show based on cost and design considerations. The method claimed would naturally be used when the video was produced and played.

As to claim 28: The method claimed would occur naturally when the edited video tape was played. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have included the method of playing the video tape since this is one of the logical reasons for producing the video. The method claimed would naturally be used when the video was produced and played. There is no patentable novelty in broadcasting a video. The means for display is a matter of design choice. The specification provides no unanticipated or surprising results from the various means of display chosen.

As to claim 29: ProQuest discloses an edited recording. Since the recording is broadcast, the inclusion of audio would naturally occur. No criticality is seen in the audio containing an explanation of any substitution of players. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have included appropriate commentary in order to keep the viewer updated with accurate information and avoid viewer confusion. The method claimed would naturally be used when the video was produced and played.

As to claim 30: See claim 25 rejection.

As to claim 31: See claim 26 rejection.

As to claim 32: See claim 27 rejection.

As to claim 33: See claim 28 rejection.

As to claims 34,37 and 40: See claim 29 rejection.

As to claims 35 and 39: ProQuest discloses a premium subscription service (pg 2-paragraph 7). The method of obtaining additional revenue would naturally occur when subscribers opted for the premium service over the basic service.

Claims 27, 32, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over ProQuest as applied above and further in view of MediaChannel. MediaChannel discloses it is well known in the art to broadcast sports videos over the internet. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have employed the broadcasting method of MediaChannel in order to increase the number of people subscribing to the service.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mike Chambers whose telephone number is 571-272-4407. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gene Kim can be reached on 571-272-4463. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael Chambers Examiner Art Unit 3711

October 20, 2005

EUGENE KIM